3rd, 4th, and 5th Grade Report Cards

A Guide for Parents and Guardians



Sioux Falls School District

Revised 2017

Grades 3, 4, and 5 Report Card Information

The Sioux Falls School District believes that monitoring your child's growth and achievement is very important. Communicating this to you in a timely and readable format is equally important. You are your child's first teacher and a very important partner in our effort to meet the individual needs of each child attending our elementary schools. The purpose of the report card is

To inform students and parents/guardians of their progress toward grade level learning expectations.

It identifies each individual's strengths and areas where growth is needed in both academics and in learning behaviors.

You will notice that our report cards reflect the South Dakota State Standards for all subject areas. As the standards are modified at the state level, those modifications will be made to this document. Students will be rated based on proficiency with each standard. The rating guide provides you with information concerning your child's understanding of the concepts for each subject area.

If you have any questions concerning information on your child's report card at any time throughout the year, please don't hesitate to contact the child's teacher and/or principal.

Academic Performance Levels

The report card is based on South Dakota Standards. A learning topic may contain several standards. Teachers will mark the learning topic based on what has been taught up until each grading period.

All subjects will be marked with 4, 3, 2, or 1 as described below. Not every learning topic will be addressed every quarter. If no letter appears in the box, then that learning topic was not a focus for that quarter and no rating has been given.

The statements below describe the level of the student's understanding in each area.

Academic Performance Levels		
The student consistently demonstrates deep understanding and independent mastery of the portions of the grade level standards taught this quarter. The student applies and/or extends processes and skills for that grade level.	4	
The student demonstrates understanding of the portions of the grade level standards taught this quarter and can apply concepts in a variety of contexts much of the time.	3	
The student is beginning to demonstrate understanding of the portions of the grade level standards taught this quarter, but needs some assistance.	2	
The student is not meeting the portions of the grade level standards taught this quarter, even with assistance.	1	

Curriculum Codes

The purpose of a Curriculum Code is to inform parents/guardians if accommodations or modifications have been provided in order to meet the needs of their child. These codes may appear at the beginning of the academic learning topic.

Alternate Curriculum	This code is used for students who need a completely different	
	(alternative) curriculum through an Individualized Education	
	Plan (IEP).	
With Accommodations	This code is used if more than one accommodation takes place	M
	to support your child in learning the standards and/or in taking	
	the assessments.	
Language Modifications	Teachers may use this code if he/she needs to modify	LM
	instruction to support a child for whom English is a second	
	language.	

Learning Behaviors

Parents/guardians will also receive information about their child's learning behaviors through their report cards. The behaviors listed on each report card give parents/guardians important information regarding the child's work habits and effort shown during the school day. If one or more of the behaviors listed needs to be improved, those behaviors will be marked. If no mark appears, the parent/guardian may assume that the child's behavior in that area is appropriate for his/her grade level.

Comments

At the end of each section of the report card, there is a comment section in which the teacher will be able to provide specific information regarding the student's understanding and performance in that subject area. If the parent/guardian has additional questions or concerns, he or she is encouraged to contact the teacher.

English Language Arts

Third, fourth and fifth graders in the Sioux Falls School District will continue the work they started in kindergarten to become lifelong readers and learners. As part of the recent curriculum study of the English Language Arts, the following vision statement was adopted for the English Language Arts program in Sioux Falls:

We will inspire our students to become lifelong readers, competent writers, confident speakers, and critical listeners.

Using a program called *The Collaborative Classroom*, teachers will provide an intentional environment in which students becoming caring members of a learning community. They will learn to think, discuss, and share their ideas as they come to value the thinking of others. If you are able to visit your child's classroom, you will notice that:

- Students are invested in their own learning
- Learners actively participate
- Teachers become learners at times, and learners sometimes teach
- Respect is given to every member of the classroom
- Diversity is celebrated
- All contributions are valued
- Students learn skills for resolving conflicts

Students' work will be evaluated on these learning topics throughout the year. While the complexity of the topics will increase from third to fourth to fifth grade, some of the names of the units of study may be the same. This provides students with the opportunity to build upon their prior knowledge in a sequential manner. These units/topics include:

	Third Grade Units of Study/Topics	Fourth Grade Units of Study/Topics	Fifth Grade Units of Study/Topics
Reading: Literature	• The Reading	• The Reading	• The Reading
Includes stories, poems,	Community	Community	Community
and most fiction	Visualizing	Using Text Features	Using Text Features
Reading: Informational	Making Inferences	• Questioning	• Questioning
Text	Wondering and	Analyzing Text	Analyzing Text
Includes primarily non-	Questioning	Features	Structure
fiction	Using Text Features	Making Inferences	Making Inferences
	Determining Important	Analyzing Text	Determining Important
	Ideas	Structure	Ideas and
		Determining Important	Summarizing
		Ideas and	 Synthesizing
		Summarizing	
Reading: Foundational	Meaning of common	Letter-Sound	Letter-Sound
Skills	prefixes and suffixes	Correspondence	Correspondence
Includes phonics and	Multi-syllable words	 Patterns in Syllables 	 Patterns in Syllables
word recognition	Irregularly spelled	Word Parts	Word Parts
	words		
Writing	The Writing	The Writing	The Writing
Includes writing in a	Community	Community	Community
variety of genres (opinion,	 The Writing Process 	 The Writing Process 	 The Writing Process
narrative, informational,	 Personal Narrative 	 Personal Narrative 	 Personal Narrative
etc.)	• Fiction	 Expository Nonfiction 	• Fiction
	 Expository Nonfiction 	 Functional Writing 	 Expository Nonfiction
	 Functional Writing 	 Opinion Writing 	 Functional Writing
	Opinion Writing	• Poetry	 Opinion Writing
	• Poetry		• Poetry
Speaking and Listening		Classroom, students learn to w	
	skills, and take responsibility for their learning. A number of the social skills taught		
	in the upper grades are a review of the skills taught in grades K-2 and specifically		
	address Speaking and Listening. New skills are added and deepened each year. New		
	skills in grades 3-5, for example, may include (but are not limited to): "agreeing and		
	disagreeing in a caring, respectful way" in third grade; "conferring in pairs about		
т	their writing" in fourth grade and fifth grade.		
Language	Students will start where they left off in the lower grades and will continue to learn		
	grade level appropriate spelling and grammar conventions. Through their writing		
	practice, they will continue to work on capitalization and punctuation as well.		

Mathematics

The mathematics learning topics will vary slightly from grade level to grade level depending upon the critical areas at that grade level. Because students will be studying multiple learning topics during one quarter, they may receive more than one math grade for that quarter. This will give you, the parent or guardian, more information regarding what your child knows and is able to do in the area of mathematics.

If your child is demonstrating an understanding that falls above or below the grade level math curriculum, it will be noted each quarter in the comments section.

What follows are the most important areas of concentration in third, fourth, and fifth grade:

Third Grade	Fourth Grade	Fifth Grade			
 Represent and solve problems involving multiplication and division 	 Use the four operations with whole numbers to solve problems 	Understand the place value system			
 Understand properties of multiplication and the relationship between multiplication and division 	Generalize place value understanding for multi-digit whole numbers	Perform operations with multi- digit whole numbers and with decimals to hundredths			
Multiply and divide within 100	 Use place value understanding and properties of operations to perform multi-digit arithmetic 	 Use equivalent fractions as a strategy to add and subtract fractions 			
 Solve problems involving the four operations, and identify and explain patterns in the arithmetic 	 Extend understanding of fraction equivalence and ordering 	 Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division to multiply and divide fractions 			
Develop understanding of fractions as numbers	Build fractions from unit fractions by applying and extending previous understandings of operations on whole numbers	Geometric measurement: understand concepts of volume and relate volume to multiplication and to addition			
 Solve problems involving measurement and estimation of intervals of time, liquid volumes, and masses of objects 	 Understand decimal notation for fractions, and compare decimal fractions 				
Geometric measurement: understand concepts of area and relate area to multiplication and to addition					
Supporting Topics at Each Grade Level					
 Represent and interpret data Reason with shapes and their attributes 	 Gain familiarity with factors and multiples Solve problems involving measurement and conversion of measurements from a larger unit to a smaller unit Represent and interpret data 	 Convert like measurement units within a given measurement system Represent and interpret data 			

Students will receive grades each quarter in one or more of the five learning topics that, together, will encompass the Critical Areas listed on page 5 of this document. <u>Only the learning topics assessed during a particular quarter will be marked.</u>

• Operations and Algebraic Thinking

- o Includes generalizing and formalizing patterns, representing and analyzing the structure of number and operations, using symbols to write expressions and equations, and representing change.
- Number & Operations in Base 10

- o Includes an understanding of whole numbers and how to use them flexibly.
- Number & Operations Fractions
 - o Includes an understanding of fractions and how to work with them flexibly.
- Measurement and Data
 - o Includes an understanding of measurement of area and volume, and organizing, representing and interpreting data
- Geometry.
 - o Includes working with two- and three-dimensional shapes.

Students in all three grades will also receive a rating in **Mathematical Practices**. The Standards for Mathematical Practice describe varieties of expertise that will be taught and reinforced throughout the child's school career. These practices are based on important processes and proficiencies that are necessary for students to be successful in mathematics. Beyond the content—like learning about addition and subtraction—students will learn to be problem solvers, to communicate their thinking and to defend their reasoning. They will also learn to become fluent in their ability to carry out a procedure and will see mathematics as sensible, useful and worthwhile.

Science/Health

Third, fourth and fifth graders will study the three main science disciplines in addition to health. Students will receive just one achievement score for Science/Health each quarter. The areas of focus include:

	Third Grade Units of Study/Topics	Fourth Grade Units of Study/Topics	Fifth Grade Units of Study/Topics
Life Science	Living Things and Survival	 Structures of Plants and Animals Light and Sight	Plant and Animal Needs
Physical Science	Force and Motion	Energy and MotionLight and Heat	 States and Properties of Matter Chemical Reactions
Earth/Space Science	WeatherClimate	 Effects of Ice, Wind, and Water Natural Hazards (Earthquakes, Tsunamis, Volcanoes, etc.) 	 Interactions of the Geosphere, Biosphere, Hydrosphere, and Atmosphere Humans' Impact on the Environment Gravity
Health	 Disease Prevention Proper Choices in Nutrition Expressing Feelings 	Personal HygieneCommunity HealthInjury Prevention	 Alcohol, Tobacco and Drugs Personal Hygiene Puberty Personal Health Habits Safe Use of Technology

Social Studies Achievement

Students will also study four domains in the area of social studies. As with science, they will receive just one achievement score for Social Studies each quarter. The domains of study include:

	Third Grade Units of Study/Topics	Fourth Grade Units of Study/Topics	Fifth Grade Units of Study/Topics
History	 Constitution & 	 Factors Affecting SD 	 Lifestyles of Native
	Declaration of	Growth	American Tribes

Geography	Independence Obstacles and Successes of early settlers and Native Americans in Creating Communities Characteristics and History of Communities Immigration Using a Map Grid	 Environmental, Economic, Cultural, and Population Issues of SD Effects of Native American's Conflicts and Establishment of Reservations on Native Americans' Culture Notable South Dakotans Key Events in SD Statehood 	 Key American Explorers and Accomplishments Explorers' Discoveries in the New World Cause and Effect of European Exploration Reasons for Colonial American Development Political Relationship Between Colonies and England Impact of Other Countries on US Through Trade and Conflict Changes in the US Between the Revolution and 1865 Compare and Contrast Differences Between the North and the South Longitude and Latitude
	System • Locating Continents, Oceans, Landforms, and States on a Map • Why Do People Move?	Regions of the US Geography of SD Major US Political Features	 Compare Different Map Types and Scales Influence of Climate and Geography on Native American Tribes and Settlers Explain Explorers' Discoveries in the New World
Civics (Government)	 Citizen's Role in a Community Government Agencies Rules, Laws, Rights, and Responsibilities 	 Government Services and How They're Paid For Citizens' Rights and Responsibilities 	 Differences Between Various Forms of Government Role of Democratic Government in the US Volunteerism in the US
Economics	 Producers Use Resources to Provide Goods and Services Taxes and Government Services 	 Profit and Loss How Are Economic Needs Met? 	 Role of Trading in Early US History Describe Examples of Various Institutions That Make Up Economic Systems Key Economic Events Prior to 1865 Leading to the Expansion of Territories